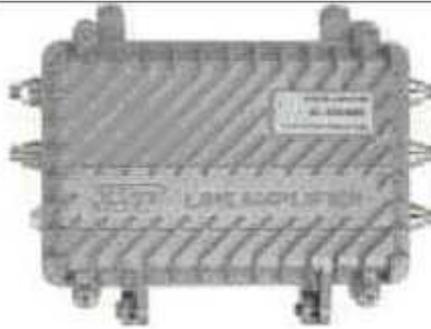


## OCEAN POWER- F7530D3



### Specifications:

Suitable for trunk amplification and extending amplification in single-way CATV system;  
 Using plug-in module (made by PHILIPS or MOTOROLA) design to make upgrade easy;  
 A port chief output and two ports tap output;  
 Manual gain control and slope control;  
 Provide two power supply method, centralized (AC30-60V) or individual (AC220V);  
 Waterproof and dustproof design, fast heat dissipation and fine screening characteristic;  
 Efficient R-transformer power supply;  
 Individual input port AC60V power supply<D3 Type>;  
 Two degrees slope control or plug-in temperature compensator for selection<D3 Type>;  
 Dimension (mm): 275 x 205 x 85

### Parameter:

Parameter	F75530D3	F7530D3
Bandwidth(MHz)	45-550	45-750
Nominal Gain Of Chief Output(dB)	30	
Nominal Gain Of Tap Port(dB)	20	
Flatness In Band(dB)	±0.5	±0.75
Nominal Input Level(dBμ V)	72	
Nominal Level Of Chief Output(dBμ V)	102	
Nominal Level Of Tap Output(dBμ V)	92	
Gain Adjustment Range(dB)	0-18	
Slope Adjustment Range(dB)	0-18	
C/CSO(dB)	-63	-62
C/CTB(dB)	-66	-65
Noise Figure (dB)	<8.5	
Return Loss(dB)	>16	>16(45-550MHz) >14(550-750MHz)
Input,Output Impedance(ohm)	75	
Gain Drift(dB)	±1(-25-+55°C)	
Supply Voltage (V)	AC30-60 or AC220±10%	
hunderstroke Immunity(kV)	5(10-700μ s)	

## The brief introduction of D2, D3<sup>#</sup> series trunk amplifier:

### . Specifications:

This type of series trunk amplifier is suitable for amplification and extending amplification in single-way CATV system. Using plug-in power module(made by PHILIPS or China ) design and R-transformer in high efficiency. It is in good characteristics and reliability, high power output, low noise figure and fast heat-sinking characteristics, etc.

### Parameter:

Type	F□□22D2	F□□26D2	F□□30D2	F□□30D3
Bandwidth (MHz)	45-550/750			
Nominal Gain of Chief Output (dB)	22	26	30	30
Nominal Gain of Tap Output (dB)	-----	-----	-----	20
Nominal Input Level (dBμV)	72			
Nominal Level of Chief Output (dBμV)	94	98	102	102
Nominal Level of Tap Output (dBμV)	-----	-----	-----	92
Flatness in Band (dB)	±0.5(45-550MHz) ±0.75(45-750MHz)			
Gain adjustment Range (dB)	0-18(Continuous adjustable type) or 0,2,4,6,8,10,12(Fixed type)			
Plug-in Equalizer□dB□	3□5□7□9□11□13□15□17□19□21 or specified by user			
Slope adjustment Range (dB)	0-18			
Return Loss (dB)	≥16(45-550MHz) ≥14(45-750MHz)			
Noise figure (dB)	≤8.5			
Power Supply□V□	AC 30- 60 or AC 220±10%			

### Purchase noting:

- .Provide two selections of power supply method, centralized 60V or separated 220V;
- .□□ means that 55 or 75, mention 550MHz or 750MHz.
- .There is only one **RF OUT** port in D2<sup>#</sup> amplifier. There are one **RF OUT** port and two **TAP OUT** ports(**BR1,BR2**) in D3<sup>#</sup> amplifier.

**. Using notice:**

**1. Application of the amplifier in 60V centralized power supply:**

- . When using the infeed back electric power, the user must select the coaxial-cable with fine thick screening body, in order to fall down the power loss across the cable.
- . According to the parameter of the products, user can confirm the progressions of the series-wound amplifiers.
- . The power suppliers must have the fine screening and isolated characteristics, in order to prevent some kinds of interferential signal from the power supply system.
- . Forbid debugging until the system is grounded firmly.
- . All the connect point in the feedback current circuit of the alternating current power must be firm and reliable in order to prevent the damage of connection point.
- . If the input alternating voltage level of any stage amplification cannot meet the requirement of the system, you may dial the switch **K6** to select the corresponding (30V, 45V, 52V, 60V) place, until you get the correct parameter.

**2. Application of the amplifier in 220V separate power supply :**

- . Before using the amplifier, please test the alternating voltage and make it accord with the AC220V  $\pm 10\%$  level.
- . Before electrifying, the user must test the isolate resistance between input alternating current loop and the crust body, in order to prevent short circuit and creepage.
- . Carefully to confirm the firm earthing.

**3. The switch notes:**

The switch **K1** can be used to supply or cut off the power of **RF IN** port;

The switch **K2** can be used to supply or cut off the AC60V power of this amplifier;

The switch **K3** can be used to supply or cut off the power of **RF OUT** port;

The switch **K4** can be used to supply or cut off the power of **BR1** port;

The switch **K5** can be used to supply or cut off the power of **BR2** port;

#### 4. The step of debugging:

- . Open the crust body and then you can see the circuit structure: (the figure of the D3<sup>#</sup> amplifier)
- . Fix the amplifier to the correct place, then you can electrify the amplifier to have a test. If something wrong happen, cut off the power immediately and find the mistake.
- . Testing the input voltage level with field strength meter, notice that the parameter must meet the design requirement.
- . The output voltage level debugging: before debugging, insert the corresponding EQU(plug-in equalizer), then adjust manually the ATT1(manual gain control) and EQU2(manual slope control), until making the output voltage level and slope meet the project design requirement.

#### . Notes:

- . Before debugging, the testing instrument must be equipped with isolated equipment to prevent the damage of instrument.
- . After debugging, you must fix the screw tightly, prevent to filter water or dust, and place the amplifier escape the powerful magnetic field and powerful interferential field.

